

EE 322 Advanced Electronics, Spring 2013

Quiz 4, February 25, 2013

1. What is the RMS voltage noise from a $1\text{ M}\Omega$ resistor in a 1 MHz bandwidth at a temperature of 300 K ? Help: $k = 1.4 \times 10^{-23} \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}$

$$v_{\text{RMS}} = \sqrt{4kTRB} = \sqrt{4 \times 1.4 \times 10^{-23} \times 300 \times 10^6 \times 10^6} = 0.13\text{ mV}$$

2. Consider an inverting amplifier with gain -100 and input resistance $1\text{ M}\Omega$. If $e_{na} = 100 \frac{\text{nV}}{\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$ and $T = 300\text{ K}$, what is the RMS noise at the output?

Setting $A = 100$ we can write

$$\begin{aligned} v_{\text{RMS}} &= \sqrt{B} \sqrt{4kTR_1 \times A^2 + 4kTR_2 + e_{na}^2 (A+1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{B} \sqrt{4kTR_1 (A + A^2) + e_{na}^2 (A+1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{10^6} \sqrt{4 \times 1.4 \times 10^{-23} \times 300 \times 10^6 \times (100 + 10^4) + (100 \times 10^{-9})^2 \times 101^2} \\ &= 16.5\text{ mV} \end{aligned}$$