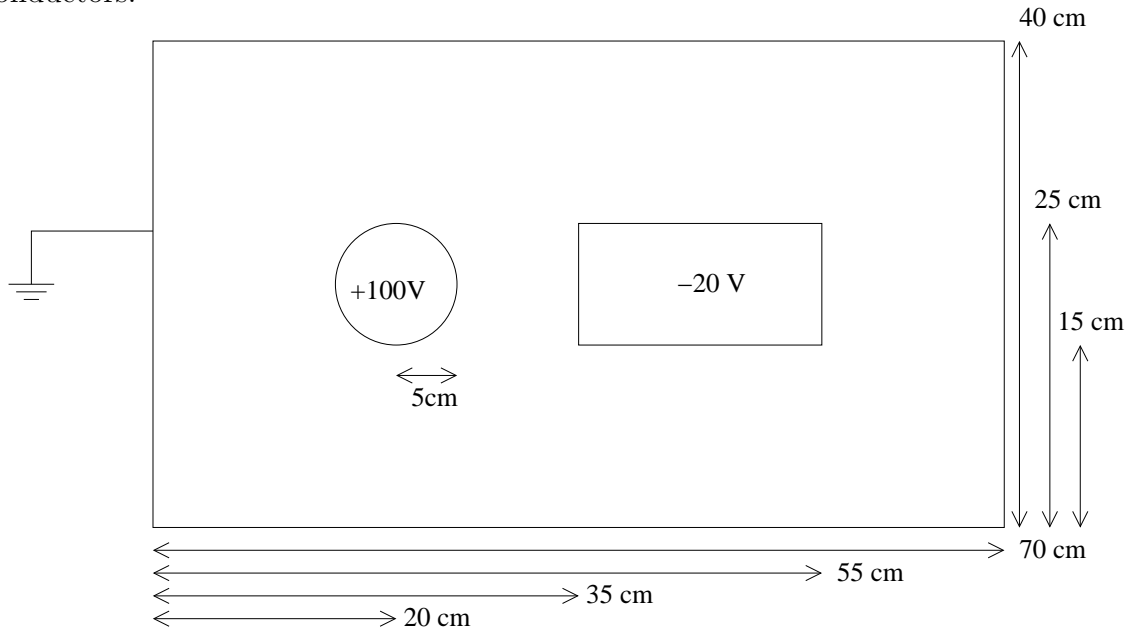


EE 434 Electricity and Magnetism, Spring 2009

Homework #3 Assignment

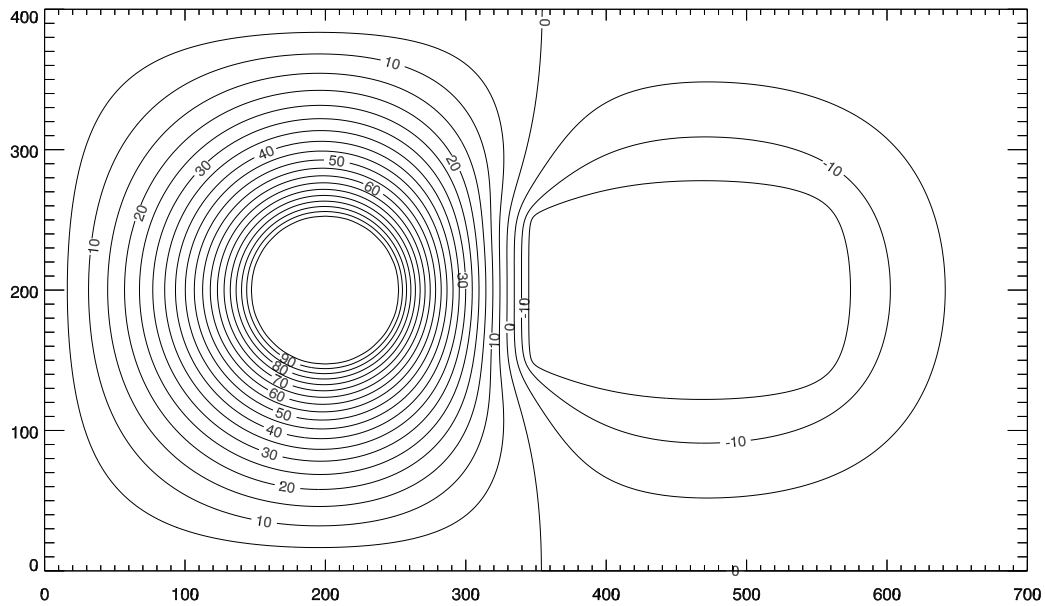
In this problem you will solve the Laplace equation numerically for the following configuration of conductors:



The configuration consists of a grounded shield surrounding a hollow space which contains a rectangular solid conductor at potential -20 V , and a circular solid conductor at potential 100 V . You are to find the potential everywhere else.

I recommend using a grid of 701 points in the horizontal axis (thus one point every millimeter), and 401 points in the vertical axis (again one point every millimeter). Further I suggest you make two arrays. The first array will contain the potential, and the second array will be a marker array of the same size which contains a value (for example 1) for boundary conditions (i.e. values that should no be changed), and another value (for example 0) for free space. Initialize the non-boundary array elements to zero potential and apply the relaxation algorithm.

Continue iterating until the solution is “good enough”, or until you have complete a very large number of iterations. Good enough might be that the largest changes in the array during an iteration is 0.01 V , whereas a large number iterations might be 10^4 . I wrote a program in C to solve this problem and it completed 10^4 iterations in 113 seconds. Here is a contour plot of the potential pattern which my program computed:



Your assignment is to write a program to replicate this result, turn in the plot and your program (using any programming language you choose). If you make up another interesting pattern of conductors, draw it, compute and plot the potential pattern, I may add up to 30% extra credit to your grade for this homework problem.