Important Remarks

- Homework is due on Sept. 27th, 2011 at the beginning of class
- For all problems, keeping your work in fractions will produce easier, more accurate results.
- Start early and get help if you need it
- Start a new page per problem
- Show all the work
- Specify all the units
- Circle your answers
- Staple pages

The circuit shown in Figure 1 will be used for problems 1 and 2.

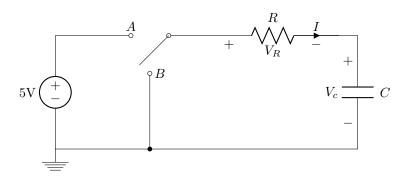


Figure 1:

- 1. In a simple RC circuit shown in the diagram above, the switch has been in position B for a long time and switches to A at t = 0. We observe a capacitor charging with the standard exponential growth curve. At t = 37.5ms we measure the resistor voltage V_R is 1.115V. Determine the time constant τ for the circuit.
- 2. For the diagram above, we determine that the time constant τ is 7.00µs. We assume that the switch has been in position A for a long time and moves to position B at t = 0. At a particular time after the switch has moved to position B, we observe that I = -9.1mA, and $V_c = 0.725$ V.
 - (a) Determine what time these observations occur.
 - (b) Solve for the capacitor value C.
- 3. For Figure 2, find the indicated values and express the function v(t) in equation form:

Find: Peak voltage V_p , peak-to-peak voltage V_{pp} , Period T, frequency f, angular frequency ω , time shift t_{max} , and phase angle θ .

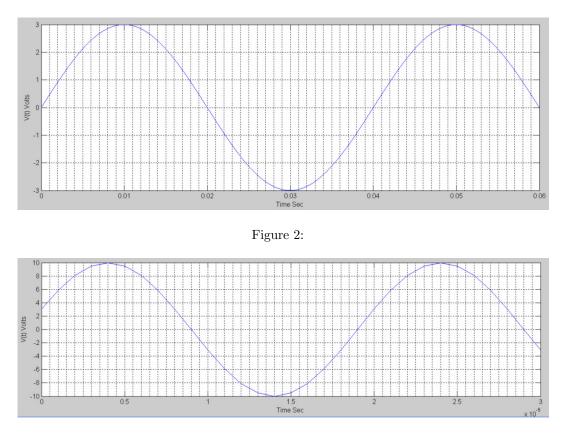


Figure 3:

4. For Figure 3, find the indicated values and express the function v(t) in equation form (be careful to note that the units for time on this graph are in 10^{-5} seconds).

Find: Peak voltage V_p , peak-to-peak voltage V_{pp} , Period T, frequency f, angular frequency ω , time shift t_{max} , and phase angle θ .

5. For the equation below, find V_p , V_{pp} , T, f, ω , t_{max} , θ ; and graph the function for 0 < t < 5/16 seconds. Remember to label you axes, units, and all relevant points on the graph. Hint: Try to keep your time divisions in terms of fractions rather than decimals, this will be easier to graph. This entire problem is easier without a calculator if you use fractions!

$$v(t) = 25\cos(8\pi t - 30^{\circ}) \tag{1}$$