

## Ohm's Law and Basic Measurements

Names: \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

**SHOW ALL UNITS WHERE APPLICABLE!**

### Part 1

Get 10 resistors of the same value

1. List the colors on the resistor. \_\_\_\_\_
2. What is the value of the resistor? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Use the multimeter to measure and record the values of each of the resistors in the table below.
4. Calculate the percent difference between the value for  $R$  you measured, and the theoretical value based on the color code. Write your answer in the table below.

$$\%error = \frac{Experimental - Theoretical}{Theoretical} \times 100\% \quad (1)$$

no.	Value	%error	no.	Value	%error
1.			6.		
2.			7.		
3.			8.		
4.			9.		
5.			10.		

## Part 2

Given the voltage divider shown below

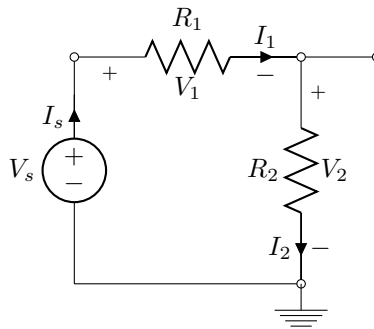


Figure 1: Voltage divider

1. What is the relationship between  $I_1$ ,  $I_2$ , and  $I_s$ ? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Compute  $I_s$  as a function of  $V_s$ ,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ .
3. If  $R_1 = R_2$ , what is  $V_2$  and a function of  $V_s$ ? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Build the circuit with  $V_s = 5V$  and  $R_1 = R_2$ , measure  $V_2$ . \_\_\_\_\_
5. Add a resistor in parallel to  $R_2$  that is the same value, and measure  $V_2$ . \_\_\_\_\_
6. Add a resistor in parallel to  $R_2$  that is at least 5 times the value, and measure  $V_2$ . \_\_\_\_\_
7. Can voltage divider circuit be used to supply a desired constant voltage  $V_2$  to another circuit? If yes, under what conditions?

## Part 3

1. What is a DC-DC converter?
2. What is the difference between linear and switching voltage regulators?