# EE 565: Position, Navigation and Timing Error Mechanization (ECI)

## Aly El-Osery Kevin Wedeward

Electrical Engineering Department, New Mexico Tech Socorro, New Mexico, USA

In Collaboration with
Stephen Bruder
Electrical and Computer Engineering Department
Embry-Riddle Aeronautical Univesity
Prescott, Arizona, USA

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#### Mechanization



We have already derived the kinematic models in several frames. These models may be written in the form

$$\dot{\vec{x}} = f(\vec{x}, \vec{u}) \tag{1}$$

where f is possibly non-linear.

#### In Reality



Due to errors in the measurements we estimate  $\vec{x}$  by integrating

$$\dot{\vec{x}} = f(\hat{\vec{x}}, \hat{\vec{u}}) \tag{2}$$

where  $\hat{\vec{u}}$  is the measurement vector from the sensors after applying calibration corrections.



Due to errors in the measurements we estimate  $\vec{x}$  by integrating

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where  $\hat{\vec{u}}$  is the measurement vector from the sensors after applying calibration corrections.

If somehow we can model and possibly measure the error in the state we can then subtract it from the estimate to obtain an accurate position, velocity and attitude. We may also want to linearize the problem so that linear estimation approaches could be used.

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## **Gyro and Accel Measurement Errors**



## All accelerometers and gyroscopes suffer from

- Biases
- Scale factor.
- Cross-coupling
- Random noise

#### **Components of Measurement Errors**



- *Fixed Errors*: deterministic and are present all the time, hence can be removed using calibration.
- Temperature Dependent: variations dependent on temperature and also may be modeled and characterized during calibration.
- *Run-to-run*: changes in the sensor error every time the sensor is run and is random in nature.
- *In-run*: random variations as the sensor is running.



Truth value

$$\vec{x}$$

Measured value

Estimated or computed value

$$\hat{x}$$

Error

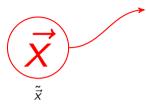
$$\delta \vec{x} = \vec{x} - \hat{\vec{x}}$$



Nothing above

- Truth value
- Measured value

- Estimated or computed value
- Error







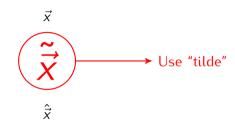
$$\delta \vec{x} = \vec{x} - \hat{\vec{x}}$$



- Truth value
- Measured value

Estimated or computed value

Error



$$\delta \vec{x} = \vec{x} - \hat{\vec{x}}$$



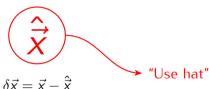
- Truth value
- Measured value

• Estimated or computed value

Error









Truth value



Measured value



- Estimated or computed value
- Error





Given a non-linear system  $\dot{\vec{x}} = f(\vec{x}, t)$ 



Given a non-linear system  $\dot{\vec{x}} = f(\vec{x}, t)$ 

Let's assume we have an estimate of  $\vec{x}$ , i.e.,  $\hat{\vec{x}}$  such that  $\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}$ 

$$\dot{ec{x}}=\dot{\hat{ec{x}}}+\delta\dot{ec{x}}=f(\hat{ec{x}}+\deltaec{x},t)$$



Given a non-linear system  $\vec{x} = f(\vec{x}, t)$ 

Let's assume we have an estimate of  $\vec{x}$ , i.e.,  $\hat{\vec{x}}$  such that  $\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}$ 

$$\dot{\vec{x}} = \dot{\vec{x}} + \delta \dot{\vec{x}} = f(\hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}, t) \tag{3}$$

Using Taylor series expansion

$$f(\hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}, t) = \dot{\hat{\vec{x}}} + \delta \dot{\vec{x}} = f(\hat{\vec{x}}, t) + \frac{\partial f(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial \vec{x}} \Big|_{\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}}} \delta \vec{x} + H.O.T$$

$$\approx \dot{\hat{\vec{x}}} + \frac{\partial f(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial \vec{x}} \Big|_{\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}}} \delta \vec{x}$$



Given a non-linear system  $\vec{x} = f(\vec{x}, t)$ 

Let's assume we have an estimate of  $\vec{x}$ , i.e.,  $\hat{\vec{x}}$  such that  $\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}$ 

$$\dot{\vec{x}} = \dot{\vec{x}} + \delta \dot{\vec{x}} = f(\hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}, t) \tag{3}$$

Using Taylor series expansion

$$f(\hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}, t) = \dot{\hat{\vec{x}}} + \delta \dot{\vec{x}} = \left[ f(\hat{\vec{x}}, t) + \frac{\partial f(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial \vec{x}} \Big|_{\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}}} \delta \vec{x} + H.O.T \right]$$

$$\approx \left[ \dot{\hat{\vec{x}}} + \frac{\partial f(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial \vec{x}} \Big|_{\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}}} \delta \vec{x} \right]$$



Given a non-linear system  $\dot{\vec{x}} = f(\vec{x}, t)$ 

Let's assume we have an estimate of  $\vec{x}$ , i.e.,  $\hat{\vec{x}}$  such that  $\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}$ 

$$\dot{\vec{x}} = \dot{\vec{x}} + \delta \dot{\vec{x}} = f(\hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}, t) \tag{3}$$

Using Taylor series expansion

$$f(\hat{\vec{x}} + \delta \vec{x}, t) = \dot{\hat{\vec{x}}} + \delta \dot{\vec{x}} = f(\hat{\vec{x}}, t) + \frac{\partial f(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial \vec{x}} \Big|_{\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}}} \delta \vec{x} + H.O.T$$

$$\approx \dot{\hat{\vec{x}}} + \frac{\partial f(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial \vec{x}} \Big|_{\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{y}}} \delta \vec{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta \dot{\vec{x}} \approx \left. \frac{\partial f(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial \vec{x}} \right|_{\vec{x} = \hat{\vec{x}}} \delta \vec{x} \tag{4}$$

#### **Actual Measurements**



Initially the accelerometer and gyroscope measurements,  $\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b}$  and  $\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b}$ , respectively, will be modeled as

$$\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} \tag{5}$$

$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} \tag{6}$$

where  $\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b}$  and  $\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b}$  are the specific force and angular rates, respectively; and  $\Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b}$  and  $\Delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b}$  represents the errors. In later lectures we will discuss more detailed description of these errors.

#### **Actual Measurements**



Initially the accelerometer and gyroscope measurements,  $\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b}$  and  $\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b}$ , respectively, will be modeled as

$$\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b}$$
these terms may
$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b}$$
be expanded further
$$(6)$$

$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} + \left(\!\!\! \Delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b}\!\!\!\right)^{\text{be expanded further}} \tag{6}$$

where  $\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b}$  and  $\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b}$  are the specific force and angular rates, respectively; and  $\Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b}$  and  $\Delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b}$  represents the errors. In later lectures we will discuss more detailed description of these errors.



Accelerometers

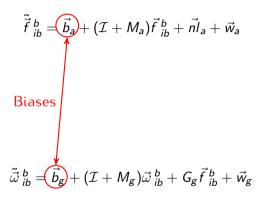
$$\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_a + (\mathcal{I} + M_a)\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{nl}_a + \vec{w}_a \tag{7}$$

Gyroscopes

$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_g + (\mathcal{I} + M_g)\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} + G_g \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{w}_g$$
 (8)



#### Accelerometers



Gyroscopes

ECI Error Mechanization

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#### Accelerometers

$$\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_a + (\mathcal{I} + M_a)\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{nl}_a + \vec{w}_a$$
 Misalignment and SF Errors 
$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_g + (\mathcal{I} + M_g)\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} + G_g\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{w}_g$$

Gyroscopes



#### Accelerometers

$$\vec{ ilde{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{b}_a + (\mathcal{I} + M_a)\vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \vec{nl}_a + \vec{w}_a$$

Non-linearity

#### Gyroscopes

$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_g + (\mathcal{I} + M_g) \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} + G_g \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{w}_g$$



#### Accelerometers

$$\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_a + (\mathcal{I} + M_a)\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{nl}_a + \vec{w}_a \tag{7}$$

Gyroscopes

$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{b}_g + (\mathcal{I} + M_g)\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} + G_g\vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \vec{w}_g$$

G-Sensitivity



#### Accelerometers

$$\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_a + (\mathcal{I} + M_a)\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{nl}_a + \vec{w}_a$$
Noise
$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{b}_g + (\mathcal{I} + M_g)\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} + G_g\vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{w}_g$$

Gyroscopes



Define the error state vector as

$$\delta \vec{x}_{INS}^{\gamma} = \begin{pmatrix} \delta \vec{\psi}_{\gamma b}^{\gamma} \\ \delta \vec{v}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} \\ \delta \vec{r}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \gamma, \beta \in i, e, n$$

$$(9)$$

Think of  $\delta ec{x}$  as the truth minus the estimate, i.e.,

$$\delta \vec{x} = \vec{x} - \hat{\vec{x}} \tag{10}$$

The subtraction doesn't apply to the attitude component of the vector and needs to be treated differently

## Pos, Vel, Force and Angular Rate Errors



Position error

$$\delta \vec{r}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} = \vec{r}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} - \hat{\vec{r}}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} \tag{11}$$

Velocity error

$$\delta \vec{v}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} = \vec{v}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} - \hat{\vec{v}}_{\beta b}^{\gamma} \tag{12}$$

Specific force errors

$$\delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} - \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} \tag{13}$$

$$\Delta_e \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} = \Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = -\delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b}$$

Angular rate errors

$$\delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} - \hat{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{b} \tag{15}$$

$$\Delta_{e}\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} = \Delta\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} - \Delta\hat{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = -\delta\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b} \tag{16}$$

(14)

#### **Attitude Error Definition**



Define

$$\delta C_b^{\gamma} = C_b^{\gamma} \hat{C}_{\gamma}^b = e^{[\delta \vec{\psi}_{\gamma_b}^{\gamma} \times]} \approx \mathcal{I} + [\delta \vec{\psi}_{\gamma_b}^{\gamma} \times]$$
(17)

This is the error in attitude resulting from errors in estimating the angular rates.

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#### **Attitude Error Properties**



The attitude error is a multiplicative small angle transformation from the actual frame to the computed frame

$$\hat{C}_b^{\gamma} = (\mathcal{I} - [\delta \vec{\psi}_{\gamma b}^{\gamma} \times]) C_b^{\gamma} \tag{18}$$

Similarly,

$$C_b^{\gamma} = (\mathcal{I} + [\delta \vec{\psi}_{\gamma b}^{\gamma} \times]) \hat{C}_b^{\gamma} \tag{19}$$

#### **Estimate of Sensor Measurement**



Similarly the measuremed specific force and angular rate may be written in terms of the estimates as

$$\tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} \tag{20}$$

$$\tilde{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \hat{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta \hat{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b} \tag{21}$$

where  $\hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b}$  and  $\hat{\vec{\omega}}_{ib}^{\ b}$  are the accelerometer and gyroscope estimated calibration values, respectively.

#### **Problem Statement**



Since the sensor measurements are corrupted with errors, derive an error model describing the position, velocity, and attitude as a function of time.

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## ECI Error Mechanization Attitude



$$\dot{C}_b^i = C_b^i \Omega_{ib}^b = \frac{d}{dt} \left[ \left( \mathcal{I} + [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^i \times] \right) \hat{C}_b^i \right] =$$

## ECI Error Mechanization

Attitude



$$\begin{split} \dot{C}_b^i &= C_b^i \Omega_{ib}^b \ = \frac{d}{dt} \left[ (\mathcal{I} + [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^i \times]) \hat{C}_b^i \right] = \\ (\mathcal{I} + [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^i \times]) \hat{C}_b^i \Omega_{ib}^b &= [\delta \dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^i \times] \hat{C}_b^i + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^i \times]) \dot{\hat{C}}_b^i = \end{split}$$

### **ECI Error Mechanization**

Attitude



$$\begin{split} \dot{C}_{b}^{i} &= C_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = \frac{d}{dt}\left[ (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i} \right] = \\ &(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = [\delta\dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i}\times]\hat{C}_{b}^{i} + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\dot{\hat{C}}_{b}^{i} = \\ &(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}(\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b} + \delta\Omega_{ib}^{b}) = \end{split}$$

Attitude

$$\dot{C}_{b}^{i} = C_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = \frac{d}{dt} \left[ (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i} \right] =$$

$$(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = [\delta\dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i}\times]\hat{C}_{b}^{i} + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i} =$$

$$(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}(\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b} + \delta\Omega_{ib}^{b}) =$$

$$= \hat{C}_{b}^{i}\delta\Omega_{ib}^{b} + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b}$$

## ECI Error Mechanization Attitude



$$\begin{split} \dot{C}_{b}^{i} &= C_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = \frac{d}{dt}\left[\left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\right] = \\ &\left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = [\delta\dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i}\times]\hat{C}_{b}^{i} + \left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i} = \\ &\left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i}(\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b} + \delta\Omega_{ib}^{b}) = \\ &= \hat{C}_{b}^{i}\delta\Omega_{ib}^{b} + \underbrace{\left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b}} = \end{split}$$

Attitude



$$\dot{C}_{b}^{i} = C_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = \frac{d}{dt} \left[ (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i} \right] = \\
(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = [\delta\dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i}\times]\hat{C}_{b}^{i} + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i} = \\
(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}(\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b} + \delta\Omega_{ib}^{b}) = \\
= \hat{C}_{b}^{i}\delta\Omega_{ib}^{b} + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b}$$

$$[\delta\dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i}\times] = \hat{C}_{b}^{i}\delta\Omega_{ib}^{b}\hat{C}_{b}^{i} = [\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\delta\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b}\times]$$

(22)

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Attitude



$$\begin{split} \dot{C}_{b}^{i} &= C_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = \frac{d}{dt}\left[\left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\right] = \\ &\left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\Omega_{ib}^{b} = [\delta\dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i}\times]\hat{C}_{b}^{i} + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i} = \\ &\left(\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times]\right)\hat{C}_{b}^{i}(\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b} + \delta\Omega_{ib}^{b}) = \\ &= \hat{C}_{b}^{i}\delta\Omega_{ib}^{b} + (\mathcal{I} + [\delta\vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i}\times])\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\hat{\Omega}_{ib}^{b} \end{split}$$

$$[\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \times] = \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \Omega_{ib}^{b} \hat{C}_{i}^{b} = [\hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} \times]$$
(22)

$$\delta \dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i} = \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} \tag{23}$$

# ECI Error Mechanization Velocity



$$\dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{i} = C_b^i \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \tag{24}$$

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$$\dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{i} = C_{b}^{i} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \tag{24}$$

$$\dot{\hat{\vec{v}}}_{ib}^{i} = \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i} \tag{25}$$



$$\hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta_{e} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} - \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} 
\dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{i} = C_{b}^{i} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i}$$
(24)

$$\dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{i} = \hat{C}_{b} (\hat{\vec{f}}_{bb}^{b}) + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i}$$
 (25)



$$\hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta_e \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} - \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} 
\dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{\ i} = C_b^i \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{\ i} \tag{24}$$

$$\dot{\hat{\vec{v}}}_{ib}^{i} = \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i} = (\mathcal{I} - [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \times]) C_{b}^{i} (\vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta_{e} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b}) + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i}$$
(25)

#### Velocitu



$$\hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta_{e} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} - \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} 
\dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{i} = C_{b}^{i} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i}$$
(24)

$$\dot{\hat{\vec{v}}}_{ib}^{i} = \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i} = (\mathcal{I} - [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \times]) C_{b}^{i} (\vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta_{e} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b}) + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i}$$
(25)

$$\begin{split} \delta \vec{\mathbf{v}}_{ib}^{i} &= \dot{\vec{\mathbf{v}}}_{ib}^{i} - \dot{\hat{\mathbf{v}}}_{ib}^{i} = [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \times] C_{b}^{i} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \\ &= [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \times] \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \hat{f}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \end{split}$$

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$$\hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \tilde{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} - \Delta \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \Delta_{e} \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} = \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} - \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} 
\dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{\ i} = C_{b}^{i} \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b} + \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{\ i}$$
(24)

$$\dot{\hat{\vec{v}}}_{ib}^{i} = \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i} = (\mathcal{I} - [\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \times]) C_{b}^{i} (\vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \Delta_{e} \vec{f}_{ib}^{b}) + \hat{\vec{\gamma}}_{ib}^{i}$$
(25)

$$\begin{split} \delta \vec{\mathbf{v}}_{ib}^{i} &= \dot{\vec{\mathbf{v}}}_{ib}^{i} - \dot{\hat{\vec{\mathbf{v}}}}_{ib}^{i} = [\delta \vec{\mathbf{v}}_{ib}^{i} \times ] C_{b}^{i} \vec{\mathbf{f}}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \vec{\mathbf{f}}_{ib}^{b} + \delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \\ &= [\delta \vec{\mathbf{v}}_{ib}^{i} \times ] \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \hat{\vec{\mathbf{f}}}_{ib}^{b} + \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \vec{\mathbf{f}}_{ib}^{b} + \delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \end{split}$$

$$\delta \vec{\mathbf{v}}_{ib}^{i} = -[\hat{C}_{b}^{i} \hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} \times ]\delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} + \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} + \delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i}$$

$$(26)$$

## ECI Error Mechanization Gravity Error



$$\vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \approx \frac{(r_{eS}^{e}(L_{b}))^{2}}{(r_{eS}^{e}(L_{b}) + h_{b})^{2}} + \vec{\gamma}_{0}^{i}(L_{b})$$
 (27)

Assuming  $h_b \ll r_{eS}^e$ 

$$\delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \approx -2 \frac{(h_b - \hat{h}_b)}{r_{cs}^e(\hat{L}_b)} g_0(\hat{L}_b) \hat{\vec{u}}_D^{i}$$
(28)

## ECI Error Mechanization Gravity Error



$$\vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \approx \frac{(r_{eS}^{e}(L_{b}))^{2}}{(r_{eS}^{e}(L_{b}) + h_{b})^{2}} + \vec{\gamma}_{0}^{i}(L_{b})$$
 (27)

Assuming  $h_b \ll r_{eS}^e$ 

$$\delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \approx -2 \frac{(h_b - \hat{h}_b)}{r_{eS}^e(\hat{\mathcal{L}}_b)} g_0(\hat{\mathcal{L}}_b) \hat{\vec{u}}_D^i$$
 (28)

Then converting from curvlinear coordinates to ECI

$$\delta \vec{\gamma}_{ib}^{i} \approx \frac{2g_0(\hat{L}_b)}{r_{eS}^e(\hat{L}_b)} \frac{\hat{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i}}{|\hat{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i}|^2} (\hat{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i})^T \delta \vec{r}_{ib}^{i}$$
(29)

# ECI Error Mechanization Position



$$\dot{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i} = \vec{v}_{ib}^{i} \tag{30}$$

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## ECI Error Mechanization Position



$$\dot{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i} = \vec{v}_{ib}^{i} \tag{30}$$

$$\delta \dot{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i} = \delta \vec{v}_{ib}^{i} \tag{31}$$

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Summary - in terms of  $\delta ec{f}^{\,\,b}_{\,\,ib}, \delta ec{\omega}^{\,\,b}_{\,\,ib}$ 



$$\begin{pmatrix} \delta \dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i} \\ \delta \dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{i} \\ \delta \dot{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0_{3\times3} & 0_{3\times3} & 0_{3\times3} \\ -[\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b} \times] & 0_{3\times3} & \frac{2g_{0}(\hat{L}_{b})}{r_{es}^{e}(\hat{L}_{b})} \frac{\hat{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i}}{|\hat{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i}|^{2}} (\hat{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i})^{T} \\ 0_{3\times3} & \mathcal{I}_{3\times3} & 0_{3\times3} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \\ \delta \vec{r}_{ib}^{i} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \hat{C}_{b}^{i} \\ \hat{C}_{b}^{i} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \delta \vec{f}_{ib}^{b} \\ \delta \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} \end{pmatrix}$$

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Preliminaries 00 OOOOOOO

ECI Error Mechanization

Aly El-Osery, Kevin Wedeward (NMT)

EE 565: Position, Navigation and Timing

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## Summary - in terms of $\Delta_e \vec{f}_{ib}^{\ b}$ , $\Delta_e \vec{\omega}_{ib}^{\ b}$



$$\begin{pmatrix} \delta \dot{\vec{\psi}}_{ib}^{i} \\ \delta \dot{\vec{v}}_{ib}^{i} \\ \delta \dot{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0_{3\times3} & 0_{3\times3} & 0_{3\times3} \\ -[\hat{C}_{b}^{i}\hat{\vec{f}}_{ib}^{b}\times] & 0_{3\times3} & \frac{2g_{0}(\hat{L}_{b})}{r_{eS}^{e}(\hat{L}_{b})} \frac{\hat{r}_{ib}^{i}}{|\hat{r}_{ib}^{i}|^{2}} (\hat{\vec{r}}_{ib}^{i})^{T} \\ 0_{3\times3} & \mathcal{I}_{3\times3} & 0_{3\times3} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \delta \vec{\psi}_{ib}^{i} \\ \delta \vec{v}_{ib}^{i} \\ \delta \vec{r}_{ib}^{i} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\hat{C}_{b}^{i} \\ -\hat{C}_{b}^{i} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{e}\vec{f}_{ib}^{b} \\ \Delta_{e}\vec{\omega}_{ib}^{b} \end{pmatrix}$$

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