EE 271 - Hwk on Statistics Due Nov. 8, 2019

1. P₋7₋7

Data analysis of the breaking strength of a certain fabric shows that it is normally distributed with a mean of 300 lb and a variance of 9.

- (a) Estimate the percentage of fabric samples that will have a breaking strength no less than 294 lb.
- (b) Estimate the percentage of fabric samples that will have a breaking strength no less than 297 lb and no greater than 303 lb.

2. P₋7₋13

Use a random number generator to produce 1000 uniformly distributed numbers with mean 10, a minimum of 2, and a maximum of 18. Obtain the mean and the histogram of these numbers, and discuss whether they appear uniformly distributed with the desired mean and variance.

3. P₋7₋27

The following data are the measured temperature T of water flowing from a hot water faucet after it is turned on at time t = 0.

| t (sec) | $T(^{\circ}F)$ | t (sec) | $T(^{\circ}F)$ |
|---------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 0 | 72.5 | 6 | 109.3 |
| 1 | 78.1 | 7 | 110.2 |
| 2 | 86.4 | 8 | 110.5 |
| 3 | 92.3 | 9 | 109.9 |
| 4 | 110.6 | 10 | 110.2 |
| 5 | 111.5 | THE THE REAL PROPERTY. | |

- (a) Plot the data, connecting them first with straight lines and then with a cubic spline.
- (b) estimate the temperature values at the following times, using linear interpolation and then cubic spline interpolation: t=0.6, 2.5, 4.7, 8.9
- (c) Use both the linear and cubic spline interpolations to estimate the time it will take for the temperature to equal the following values: T=75,85,90,105