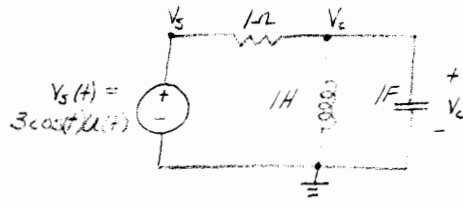


1. PR8.9



* $t \geq 0$:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{KVL: } \frac{v_c - v_s}{1} + \int v_L dt + \frac{1}{1} \frac{dv_c}{dt} &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dv_c}{dt} + v_c + \frac{d^2 v_c}{dt^2} &= \frac{dv_s}{dt} \\ &= -3 \sin(t) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{d^2 v_c}{dt^2} + \frac{dv_c}{dt} + v_c &= -3 \sin(t) \end{aligned}$$

* $t < 0$: ZSR $\Rightarrow i_L(t) = v_c(t) = 0$

* natural response: char. eqn = $s^2 + s + 1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{2}, \omega_n = \sqrt{1} = 1 \Rightarrow \text{UD}$$

$$\Rightarrow s_{1,2} = -\alpha \pm \sqrt{\alpha^2 - \omega_n^2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} - 1}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \pm j\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \pm j\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha = -\frac{1}{2}, \omega_d = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{n1}(t) = B_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + B_2 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right)$$

* forced response: $v_{cf}(t) = K_1 \sin(t) + K_2 \cos(t)$

$$v_{cf}: K_1 \sin t + K_2 \cos t$$

$$+ \frac{dv_{cf}}{dt}: K_1 \cos t - K_2 \sin t$$

$$+ \frac{d^2 v_{cf}}{dt^2}: -K_1 \sin t - K_2 \cos t$$

$$= -3 \sin t$$

$$\sin t: K_1 - K_2 - K_1 = -3$$

$$\Rightarrow K_2 = 3$$

$$\cos t: K_2 + K_1 - K_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow K_1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{cf}(t) = 3 \cos t$$

* total response: $v_c(t) = v_{cf}(t) + v_{n1}(t) = 3 \cos t + B_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + B_2 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right)$

$$\rightarrow v_c(0) = 3 + B_1 + 0 = 0 \Rightarrow B_1 = -3$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{v_c(0) - v_s(0)}{1} + i_L(0) + \frac{dv_c(0)}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dv_c(0)}{dt} = -i_L(0)^{70} + v_s(0)^{70} - v_c(0)^{70} \left. \vphantom{\frac{dv_c(0)}{dt}} \right\} \text{from circuit analysis}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dv_c(0)}{dt} = 3$$

$$\frac{dv_c(0)}{dt} = 3 = \left[-3 \sin t - \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} (B_1 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + B_2 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right)) + e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} B_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} B_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right)\right) \right]_{t=0}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} B_1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} B_2 = +\frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} B_2$$

$$\Rightarrow B_2 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \left(3 - \frac{3}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}$$

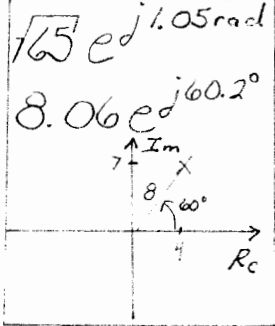
$$\Rightarrow v_c(t) = \left[3 \cos t - 3 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + \sqrt{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) \right] u(t) \text{ V}$$

$$= \left[3 \cos t + 2\sqrt{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t - 150^\circ\right) \right] u(t) \text{ V}$$

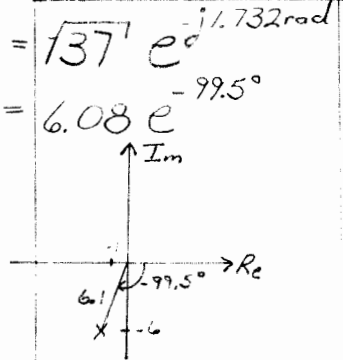
EE212

HW1 SOLN

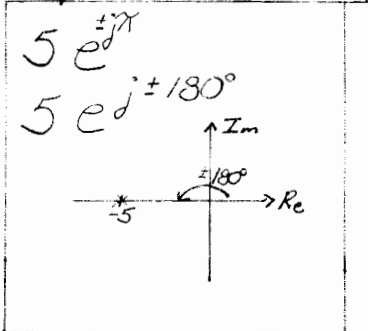
2. PR 8.11 a) $4 + j7 = \sqrt{4^2 + 7^2} e^{j \tan^{-1}(7/4)} = \sqrt{65} e^{j 1.05 \text{ rad}}$
 $= 8.06 e^{j 60.2^\circ}$



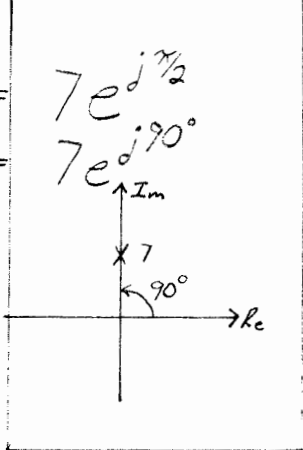
d) $-1 - j6 = \sqrt{1^2 + 6^2} e^{j \tan^{-1}(-6/-1)} = \sqrt{37} e^{j 1.732 \text{ rad}}$
 $= 6.08 e^{-j 99.5^\circ}$



f) $-5 = \sqrt{5^2 + 0^2} e^{j \tan^{-1}(0/5)} = 5 e^{j \pi}$
 $= 5 e^{j 180^\circ}$



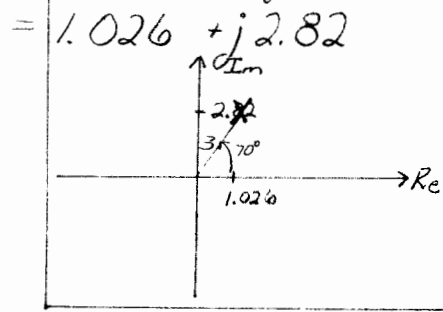
g) $j7 = \sqrt{0^2 + 7^2} e^{j \tan^{-1}(7/0)} = 7 e^{j \pi/2}$
 $= 7 e^{j 90^\circ}$



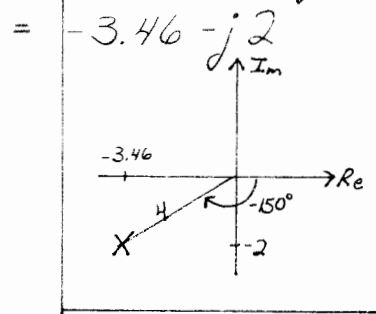
EE212

HW1 SOLN

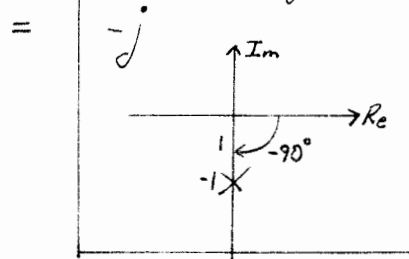
$$3. \text{ PR 8.12 a) } 3e^{j70^\circ} = 3(\cos 70^\circ + j\sin 70^\circ)$$



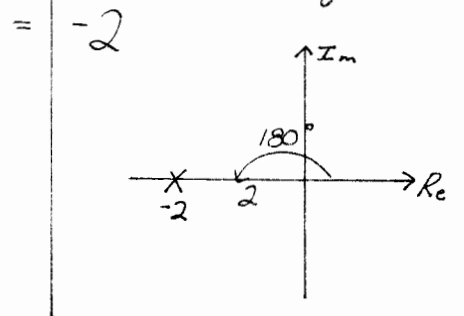
$$d) 4e^{-j150^\circ} = 4(\cos(-150^\circ) + j\sin(-150^\circ))$$



$$f) e^{-j90^\circ} = 1(\cos(-90^\circ) + j\sin(-90^\circ))$$



$$g) 2e^{j180^\circ} = 2(\cos 180^\circ + j\sin 180^\circ)$$



EE212

HW1 SOLN

$$4. \quad 4\sin(5t - 0.2\text{rad}) = 4\cos(5t - 0.2 - \pi/2)$$

$$= 4\cos(5t - 1.771\text{rad})$$

$\text{amp} = A = 4$ $\text{ang. freq.} = \omega = 5 \text{ rad/sec}$ $\text{ord. freq} = \frac{5}{2\pi} \text{ Hz} = 0.796 \text{ Hz} = f$ $\text{period} = T = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{2\pi}{5} \text{ sec} = 1.26 \text{ sec}$ $\text{phase angle} = \phi = -1.771 \text{ rad}$ $= -101.5^\circ$
--

$$5. \quad v(t) = 3\cos(4t + 0.1\text{rad})$$

$$= 3\cos(4(t + 0.025))$$

$$i(t) = 2\cos(4t - 0.6\text{rad})$$

$$= 2\cos(4(t - 0.15))$$

$v(t)$ leads $i(t)$ by $0.1\text{rad} - (-0.6\text{rad}) = 0.7\text{rad}$ or $\frac{0.7\text{rad}}{4\text{rad/sec}} = 0.175\text{sec}$

or

$i(t)$ lags $v(t)$ by 0.7rad , 0.175sec
