## $\mathbf{EE}~\mathbf{308}-\mathbf{Homework}~\mathbf{5}$

Due Feb. 23, 2005

- For the homework problems which follow assume you have included the file iodp256.h in your C program. Thus, you can refer to PORTB when you want to access a byte at address 0x0001. Where I ask for "some code" just write that part of a C program which will do the task. Where I ask for "a program" write a complete program, include the #include "iodp256.h" line, the declaration of variables, the main() function, etc.
- 2. Write some C code which will make bits 5, 3, 1 and 0 of PORTB output and the other bits of PORTB input.
- 3. Write some C code which will set bits 7 and 3 of the eight-bit register at address 0x0075 while leaving the other bits unchanged.
- 4. Write some C code which will clear bits 6 and 4 of the eight-bit register at address 0x0076 while leaving the other bits unchanged.
- 5. Write a C program which makes PORTA an input, PORTB an output. Then write an infinite loop which reads PORTA, and writes an OxAA to PORTB if Bit 4 of PORTA is high, and write an Ox33 to PORTB if Bit 4 of PORTA is low.
- 6. Write a C program which counts the number of negative 16-bit numbers in a table. The table (of 16-bit signed numbers) starts at address 0x8000 and ends at address 0xFFFF. Print the count to the screen, using the printf() function of DBug-12.