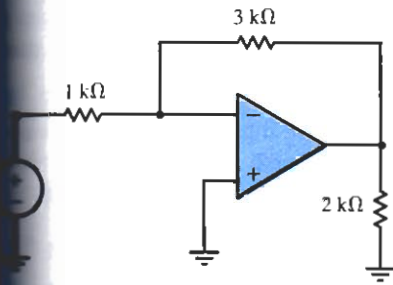
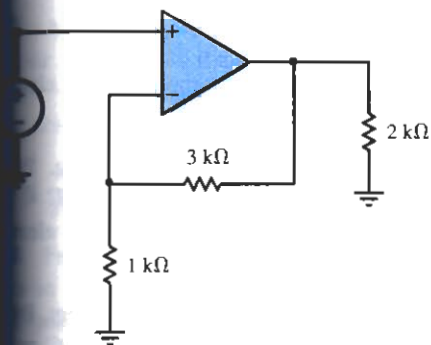


**3** For the op-amp circuit shown in Fig. P4.36, find the average power absorbed by each element for the case that  $v_s(t) = \cos \omega t$  V.



P4.36

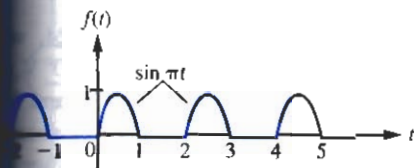
**4** For the op-amp circuit shown in Fig. P4.37, find the average power absorbed by each element for the case that  $v_s(t) = \cos \omega t$  V.



P4.37

**4.38** Find the rms value of each function given in Fig. P4.38. (See p. 260.)

**4.39** Find the rms value of the "half-wave rectified sine wave" that is shown in Fig. P4.39. [Hint:  $\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2x)$ .]



P4.39

**4.40** Find the rms value of the "full-wave rectified" sine wave that is shown in Fig. P4.40. [Hint:  $\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2x)$ .]

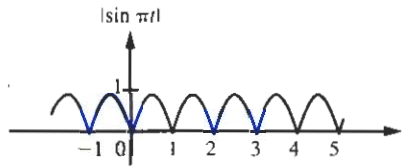


Fig. P4.40

**4.41** The load shown in Fig. P4.41 operates at 60 Hz. (a) What are the pf and the pf angle of this load? (b) Is the pf leading or lagging? (c) To what value should the capacitor be changed to get a unity pf (pf = 1)?

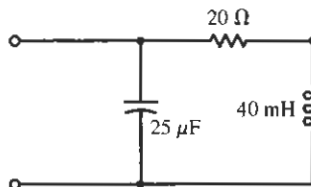


Fig. P4.41

**4.42** A 115-V rms, 60-Hz electric hair dryer absorbs 500 W at a lagging pf of 0.95. What is the rms value of the current drawn by this dryer?

**4.43** An electric motor which operates at 220 V rms, 20 A rms, 60 Hz, absorbs 2200 W. (a) What is the pf of the motor. (b) For the case that the pf is lagging, what value capacitor should be connected in parallel with the motor such that the resulting combination has a unity pf (pf = 1)?

**4.44** An electric motor operating at 220 V rms, 60 Hz, draws a current of 20 A rms at a pf of 0.75 lagging. (a) What is the average power absorbed by the motor? (b) What value capacitor should be connected in parallel with the motor such that the resulting combination has a unity pf (pf = 1)?

**4.45** Two loads, which are connected in parallel, operate at 230 V rms. One load absorbs 500 W at a pf of 0.8 lagging, and the other absorbs 1000 W at